C B

~~Confidential~~

(1)

App. F. IX-4

1928-29

File No. 38/28.

Previous References

Serial Nos. 69, 89, 90, 97, 106, 113.

Later References

Revenue

(Customs & Salt Cess)

General and Revenue Secretariat.

Serial Nos. 69, 89, 90, 97, 106, 113.

Part B for Oct 28

SUBJECT

Situations in Bangalore -
After the recent disturbances...

Sls. 4, 5, 6, 7 & 9 are sent to Enquiry Office - in original with enclosures - for kindly returning when no longer required. A list is placed below.

31/10

Read & placed in file

P1

628

App. F. III—2]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. of 192

Serial No.	
1	Letter dated 8/9th August 1928 From Messrs. B.K.Garudachar, M.P.Somasekhara Rao, B.Srinivasa Iyengar, and C.V.Narasinga Rao. Requests permission to publish the proceedings of the meeting of leading gentlemen held on the 3rd Aug. 1928 in the Dewan's Chamber.
	Draft Reply sent as per instructions of Secn Member. Office copy of reply submitted for perusal Secn Member 10/8 Dewan
	Seen CSM 10/8
	15-8-28
2	To B.K.Garudachar Esq No: 749/CB dt 11-8-28. Intimating that the proceedings should not be given publicity as they are of confidential nature

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 01714—GPB—30,000—18-4-28

General and Revenue Secretariat. File No. of 192

Serial No.	
3	Cutting from Navajeevan dt 14.8.28.
	Subject: A Hindu Deputation to His Highness.
	Seen by Dewan & 1st member.
	15/8/28.
	Ordered to be filed.

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 01714—GPB—30,000—18.4.28

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. of 192

Serial No.	
(4)	Confl. letter No.C.316/28-29, dated 12th Aug. 28. From the Inspector General of Police. Forwards copy of a report dated 10th Aug. received from the A.S.P. Bangalore City, regarding the complaint of one Rangoji Rao of the City that his son is missing and adds that all possible attempts to trace the boy is being made.
(5)	Confl. D.O. letter No.316/28-29, dated 13th [illegible].28 From the Inspector General of Police in Mysore. Forwards a special intelligence report on the situation in the City, re vigorous campaign of villification of Govt. and of misrepresenting their actions and intentions that is said to be going on in the City.

~~For perusal~~
Seen by Members - Jill
16/8

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 01714—GPB—30,000—18-4-28

(6) From D. G. P.

Conf No. 316/28 D 17.8.28.

App. F. III—2]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

File No. of 192

Serial No.	
	Forwards a copy of typed declaration of a wonder boy Chander Raj, recorded in the Bowring Hospital ~~by~~ before a Magistrate, taken as a precautionary measure.
7	Confl. Letter no. 316 D. 17th Aug 28. From the D. G. P. Forwards a copy of report from A.S.P. B'lore reporting the missing boy Chikka Ranga son of Ranoji, Pressman, has since returned home.
8	Letter D. 17.8.28 From the B'lore Law Assn. Forwards copy of Resln passed on 17.8.28.

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 01714—GPB—30,000—18-4-28

772 grs
P

No. C. no 11.

OFFICE OF THE PRIVATE SECRETARY
TO HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE,
Bangalore 13.8 1928

Petition, as shown below, to His Highness the Maharaja is transferred to the Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Law Department, Bangalore, for favour of disposal

By Order,

Private Secretary
to H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore.

8-1
1578
V. No. 1-2-1 of 28.29

The Mallaiah reference in the subject, said to have been made by the applicant Mahomed Ayaan of Mandi Mohalla, Bellary etc, was not seen in the file.

The present petition is not clear in its intent and its tone seems to be highly objectionable, as it ventilates

B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

G.R.S. III—3]

Routine Notes.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

the petitioner's commercial grievances and makes defamatory statements against the D.G.P. the

3 Advocate rejecting

letters of Instructions

4. Reference is invited to the last para of the petn. the purport is not quite clear.

5 The petition does not seem to deserve any notice. It will be filed if appd.

Secy).

Highfield

2nd June

Leeds Ch. Secy - may be filed among papers relating to present disturbances

Chief Secy
Bihar Comp 15

OFFICE OF THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL
18 AUG. 1928
No. 1576

CHIEF SECRETARY.
21 AUG. 1928

N.B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

Bangalore 889

No. C. 83 / Rud

OFFICE OF THE PRIVATE SECRETARY
TO HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE,
21st August 1928.

10

Petition, as shown below, to His Highness the Maharaja is transferred to the Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Law Department, Bangalore, for favour disposal in continuation of this office No. C 11 of the 14th August 1928

By Order,

Private Secretary
to H. H. the Maharaja of Mysore.

No. 137 of 1928-29

This is a petition from the Mahajans of Ajmir praying that the Mandi Mohalla ekgahe etc. the Municipal petition has sent to the C. B. as per order of the Revenue Member, last week the same being filed among the papers relating to the Bangalore Disturbances.

The Secretary will peruse the petition

N.B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

G.R.S. III—3]

Routine Notes.

[To be used only for notes, requisitions, etc., not intended for permanent record.]

in defamatory language against the D.G. Police and the members of the Brahmin community.

The petition will be simply filed as it does not describe any wrong

This petition should be sent to the Confidential Branch

CHIEF SECRETARY.
25 AUG 1928

N.B.—Should routine notes be written on small slips, the notes must be copied, or slips pasted on this form.

App. F. III—2]

General and Revenue Secretariat.

CB File No. 38 of 1928.

703

Serial No.

18

From the Private Secy. to H.H. the Maharaja.

No. C108 Conf. dated 23rd August 1928 for Dl. Goal

forwarding petition dated 18th Aug. 1928 from

One Mr. S.N. Thimmarayalu, Railway Station Rd,

Mysore City, relating to the recent disturbances

in the Bangalore City.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL
25 AUG. 1928
No. 1783

Chief Secy's order

"CB. Put up."

Judl. N. Na.

24.8.28.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
24 AUG. 1928

Submit: Dl. for perusal

24/8/28

(Second Member) 26/8

Seen

CBS

27/8

File

Seen

27/8

NOTE—Contn. Sheet.

WD 01714—GPB—30,000—18-4-28

General and Revenue Secretariat. | File No. | of 192

Serial No.	
11	From the I. G. P. no. 316/28, dt 18.8.28. Forwards a report dt 16.8.28 from A.S.P., enclosing a St. Showing the no. of boys who has been reported to be missing & have since returned
12	From Mr. S. Venkatapathia Advocate, B'lore suggests his proposals re enquiry Committee
13	From Mr. K. Shamanna, Advocate, B'lore Forwards a list of Govt officers whose evidence has been ascertained necessary.
14	From Mr. R. Gopalaswamy Jr dt 8.8.28 Forwards certain papers re Mr. Md. Abbas Khan's conduct in Chintamani riot case.

WD 01714—GPB—30,000—18-4-28

Confidential (1) CB 528 (1)

Amin-ul-mulk Mirza M. Ismail, ESQ., C.I.E., O.B.E.

Dewan of Mysore,

Bangalore.

Sir,

Rathna
Insists
Withdrawal
letter

JM
9-8-28

(Copy)
& Ch.
Registered + Postage
7/8

With reference to the meeting of 3rd instant, we consider it necessary that the proceedings thereof should now be made public if the community to which we belong should have a fair opportunity of expressing its mind regarding the very grave charges levelled against it by some of the speakers of that day. We believe that our community is, in ordinary justice, entitled to such an opportunity and we accordingly request you hereby for permission to publish the proceedings and offer them for general comment.

According to the notice, the meeting was convened " to consider what steps should be taken to promote good feeling among the several communities " and we could not expect that the discussion would be allowed to take the unfortunate turn which it did take. The attacks made upon our community therefore came to us as a surprise; and it was a sadder and a greater surprise to us that we could find no proper opportunities for repelling the attacks.

Though the meeting was held under cover of secrecy reports of what happend there have obtained publicity and are the subject matter of free discussion and comment in the streets. One result of this informal publication, we are led to believe, has been a general attitude of unfriendliness and hatred towards Brahmanas.

The reports have given a new encouragement to the hooligan elements of the City to perpetrate outrages whenever and wherever possible. More than that, they serve to discredit the Brahmana in the eyes of the loyal and law abiding public and subject even his ~~well-meant actions to a cruel and wholly unjustifiable~~ suspicion. Above all, we feel it is only fair that we should be free to express our protests against those who would do us a grievous wrong, themselves taking shelter behind the vow of secrecy.

For these reasons, we pray we may be permitted to publish the proceedings of the meeting of the 3rd inst. and to repudiate the charges made there against the Brahman Community.

~~We expect to be favoured with a reply in the course~~ of the week.

We remain,

Sir,

Your most obedient servants,

Bangalore City,
8th August '28.
9/8

M. Ramachandra Rao
Bela Krishnaiyer
C.V. Narasimha Rao

R. Gopalaswamy Iyer

3

DEWAN'S OFFICE
Received on
9 - AUG. 1928
Reg. No 01.89

(14)

CB 794

"ELEPHANT LODGE"
BANGALORE CITY.

8th August 1928.

CS 38-28-113

To

Amin-ul-Mulk Mirza Muhammad Ismail Esq., B.A.C.I.E. O.B.E.

Dewan of Mysore

Bangalore

Dear Sir,

I beg leave to state that the Chintamani riots took place on 18th June 1921 (Birthday of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore).

After the birthday sessions were over by the 21st June 1921, Mr. Mahammud Abbas Khan went to Chintamani, and took an active part in the case. He got 3 different memorials printed at the Vokkaligra Sangha Press, Bangalore, all pertaining to the Chintamani riots, and presented to the different addressee before the case was even started enquiry. 1st memorial signed by mahomedans of the various parts of the state and sent to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore. 2nd Mr. Mahammud Abbas Khan went to Chintamani and got the signatures of the Mahomedans of Chintamani and got it posted at Srinivasapur. 3rd on 12-7-1921 about 20 Mahomedans from various parts of the state had an interview in the Dewan's chamber Bangalore when Mr. Mahommud Abbas Khan read the memorial addressed to the Dewan and presented it signed by all present.

(4)

R. Gopalaswamy Iyer

"ELEPHANT LODGE"
BANGALORE CITY.

192

In paras 4,5,6,7,8 & 9 in the 1st and 3rd memorial Mr. Mahummad Abbas Khan connects Brahmin officers and leaders as the cause of dissentions between Vasiyas and Mahomedans.

He spoke in the same strain on Friday the 3rd August 1928. I spoke that day to the effect that the statement made by - Mahomedans in the city that Brahmins are the cause of the - trouble, the author of the statement was Mr.Mahammud Abbas Khan. Taking the lead from the 2nd memorial of Chintamani Mahomedan residents to Dewan, I respectfully pray that as per para 21(i) that a committee of disinterested officials and non-officials may be immediately appointed to investigate the case thoroughly and to suggest punishments to the real offenders and measures to effectively avoid recurrence of such incidents in future.

Mr.Mahammud Abbas Khan said in the meeting held on Friday 3rd August 1928 that because brahmin officers are retired at the age of 55 they have joined to work against your administration. If a committee is appointed then he can give the names of - officers who do so. If this is not done soon, the idea that brahmins are the cause of trouble will never go. If he proves it it will be very safe for the future of the administration.

I have given in a separate cover copies of the three memorials.

Yours sincerely,

R. Gopalaswamy Iyer

I

5

To

His Highness Sri Krishnarajandra Wadiyar Bahadur

G.C.S.I., G.C.B.E., Maharaja of Mysore.

May it please Your Highness,

I. That the Loyal and Law-abiding Mahammadan subjects of His Highness the Maharajah of Mysore, who in minority in the State, following a different faith from that of the majority, with highly developed feelings for their religion, are grateful to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja for special protection which has so long been given to them in religious matters.

II. That in all places in the Provinces the Hindus out of regard for the religious sentiments of their Mahammadan brethren and more specially with a view to avoid any kind of disturbance at their prayers were stopping music near and in front of the Musjids and hence there used to be perfect harmony between the two sister communities in almost all parts of the province.

III. On very rare occasions when owing to ignorance or some other local causes the feelings between the two communities were about to be strained the sympathetic Taluk and District officers used to intervene immediately and settle the dispute amicably to the satisfaction of both parties. Disputes in Robertsonpet and Molakalmuru etc., may be cited as instances.

IV. But unfortunately owing to the recent political developments some interested Brahman leaders and Brahmin Officers knowing that the Mahammadans have made common cause with Non-Brahman Hindus, as their grievances and interests are identical, and realizing the possibility of such unanimity becoming detrimental to their own selfish cause, are setting up Non-Brahman Hindus and Mahammadans to rake up the question of music before Masjids and are trying to create dissentions between them in order to serve their own political ends.

V. They have so far succeeded in two places, Tiptur and Chintamani.

VI. In Tiptur the Brahman Deputy Commissioner, the Brahman

Amildar and the Brahman Police Inspector first tried to create disturbances during the Peace Celebrations but the timely interference of our gracious Dewan Saheb saved the situation. But subsequently persisting in their endeavours they instigated some ignorant non-brahman Hindus to take a bhajana procession before the musjid and whn some Mahammadans requested them to stop music and not to disturb the prayers the Police Inspector came to the spot concocted a case and charge-sheeted them before the Amildar, one of the Conspirators, for being members of the alleged unlawful assembly, and the Amildar in his turn sentenced them to rigorous imprisonment ranging from 5 to 11 months and to very heavy fines although there was no assault of any kind. They had thus succeeded in creating a breach in the harmonious relationship between the Mahammadans and a section of Non-Brahman Hindus of Tiptur.

VII. The memorable Government order on the Miller Committee Report has made the Brahman officers to work by all means at their power against Non-Brahmans as a whole; and they appear to have made the creations of dissentions between the two important Non-Brahman communities, the first item in their destructive programme of work.

VIII. Taking advantage of the absence in Mysore of the Head of the District during the Birthday Celebrations, the local Brahman officers and Brahman leaders selected Chintamani for their field of activities, knowing that several years ago there was some trouble about the Musjid there (though it had not developed into a serious matter, the differences having been adjusted then and there among themselves) engineered a plot and enacted a tragedy there on the 16th June 1921, the Birthday of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

IX. The whole scheme was thoroughly organised. A sum of Rs 3000/- was collected beforehand for the purpose; the Brahman Superintendent of Police was brought to the place three days before the date fixed to develop the plot in the several meeting held in the Travellers' Bungalow; the Superintendent and the Brahman Amildar influenced an ignorant and obedient Vaisya gentleman Gopalakrishnayya who happened to be celebrating his daughter's marriage to arrange

for a procession; the Khazi and non-brahman leaders were deceived and sent to Mysore under the pretext of amicably settling the question in the presence of leaders of both the communities, who were for the Birthday Celebrations; at 7.30 P.M. when the Esha prayer was being offered in the Musjid on the 16th June the procession with music and notch party escorted by the Police Superintendent, Amildar and their subordinates fully armed with guns was brought near the Musjid and the Police officers at once rushed into the sanctum sanctorum of Mahammadans, opened fire disturbed the assembly of Mahammadans lawfully engaged in the performance of religious worship and shot a boy aged14 years by name Abdul Khader, who happened to be standing inside the holy place without previous warning and least provocation.

A true copy of the medical certificate given to the boy is herewith attached for kind perusal.

X. That the sanctity of the most sacred place for Mahammadans was defiled and the religious feelings of Muhammadans throughout was deeply and grievously wounded.

XI.Not being satisfied with these atrocities the Amildar on the next day - the Jumma day, issued an order under section 144 Criminal Procedure Code, prohibiting the Muhammadans from offering prayers on the 17th, the most sacred day for the Muhammadans and the two following days in the Musjid (which he insultingly termed as Ahur-khana) - a deliberate breach of the avowed policy of the Government ; armed police were placed before the Musjid and on the 19th the all powerful Superintendent and the Amildar organised and led another procession to the very gate of the holy place and halted there for 2 house enjoying nautch party and music with a defient and revengful attitude with the sole object of disgracing the helpless Muhammadans and defiling their religious institution.

True copies of the orders of the Brahman Amildar dated 17-6-1921 and 18-6-1921 are herewith attached for favour of reference.

XII. The memorialists most respectfully submit that the misdeeds of the Police have no precedent in the history of the State.

XIII. The very fact, thatunlike in British India, mis-representations are being made in the Press and even in the Legislative Council

and that the Brahman politicians are not taking the cause of the wrong-doers and the oppressed is a proof positive of the political motive lying behind the whole plot.

XIV. The Inspector General of Police went to the Place long after the occurrence and made a show of investigation but as could naturally be expected of whom and one in his position he seems to be trying to save the offenders and the memorialists have absolutely no confidence in his doing any kind of justice to them.

XV. The memorialists submit that, unless the Government takes a bold stand and awards exemplary punishment to the wrong doers and the mischief is nipped in the bud, the contagion will spread throughout the Province and such disturbances will be created in all places and the peace of the land will be imperilled.

XVI. These incidents have created a thrill in the minds of the Muhammadan population and they expect the Government to do their duty by them, punish the offenders, alleviate their grievances and instil confidence into them.

XVII. Wherefore the memorialists prav that immediate steps be taken to thoroughly investigate into the misdeeds of the Police Department, the Amildar, the Inspector and the Jamadar and award them exemplary punishments for the offences:-

(a) of causing music, baja-bajantri and nautch to be played in front of the musjid on the 16th June at the time of Esha prayers and disturbing the religious assembly, an offence, punishable under section 296 Indian Penal Code.

(b) of criminally trespassing into the musjid and ordering the assembly engaged in Namaz to disperse.

(c) of opening fire within the mosque and shooting a Mussalman minor therein and thus committing a sacrilageous deed.

(d) of prohibiting Mahammadans from entering into the Mosque and offering prayers therein for 3 days including a jumma day, viz. 17th, 18th, and 19th June and making an exception only in the case of Mahammadans on the 18th and 19th June 1921.

(e) of stationing armed constables before the musjid for some days after the 16th.

(f) of bringing another procession on the 19th night and holding a nautch party for 2 hours before the mosque openly humiliating the already disgraced Mahammadans.

In conclusion your humble memorialists, representatives of the Mahammadan community in the Province, most respectfully pray that with a view to make a fair and unprejudiced enquiry into the details of the above crimes by a mischievous section of the Government officials and Brahmin leaders a Committee and Brahman leaders a committee of officials and non-officials may be appointed to visit the place and to take evidence and report to Government on the matter, so that the future religious safety of the Mussalman subjects of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore may be ensured in all these respects.

We beg to subscribe ourselves,

Your Highness' Most Humble dutiful

and loyal subjects.

To

Sirdar M.Kantaraj Urs, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Dewan of Mysore.

The humble memorial of the Mahomedan residents of Chintamani Town Kolar District most respectfully showeth:-

1. That the memorialists are loyal and law abiding subjects of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

2. That the Mahomedan subjects of His Highness being in the minority following a different faith from that ofthe majority with highly developed feeling for their religion are entitled for special protection and treatment in religious questions at the hands of the Government.

3. That in the town of Chintamani the memorialists have a masjid(Mosque) where they regularly offer prayers five times a day and as in every other place in the province the Hindus out of regard for the religious sentiments of their Mahomedan brethren and more especially with a view to avoid disturbance of any kind during the Muslim prayers were stopping musich before and near the masjid and hence there was perfect unanimity and friendly feeling between the two sister communities.

4. But unfortunately owing to recent political developments in this country interested and mischievous people took advantage of a marriage in the house of a Vaisya gentleman Gopalakrishnayya and set up his Beega (fater of Bridegroom) one Anjaneya Setty of Bangalore, who being a foreigner had no interest in the welfare of the town, gained over the police to their side and with their assistance persisted in taking the marriage procession with music before the Masjid when the Esha prayers were being offered therein. Withour previous warning and the least provacation a boy named Abdul Khader aged 15 years was shot inside the Masjid and then to justify the misdeed a false case was concocted against the innocent Mahomedans, 34 of whom including 14 minors have been charged with several offences. Thus for the time being they have succeeded in creating dissentions between Mahomedans and Non-brahman Hindus to serve their political ends.

5. That the whole scheme was thoroughly organised; a sum of Rs 3000/- was collected before hand for the purpose; 16th of June

the Birthday of His Highness was purposely chosen; advantage was taken of the absence of the head of the district in Mysore. The Superintendent of Police was brought to the place 3 days before the date to develop the plot in the several meetings held between himself his subordinates and the organisers in the Traveller's Bungalow, the Khazi and other Mahomedan leaders were deceived and taken away to Mysore under the pretext of amicably settling the question in the presence of the leaders of both communities who were there for Birthday celebrations; the interested Amildar the Police Inspector (a tenant of Gopalakrihsnayya father of the bride) and the mischievous Jemadar and other police subordinates of the Superintendent were easily gained over and the unjust tragedy was enacted on the 16th evening..

6. That in the morning of that eventful day the Superintendent with the Amildar and other subordinates visited the house of Vaisyas and inspected the Masjid and the surrounding locality. At 5 P.M. he visited a Vaisya temple and on being garlanded assured the bridal party that all the necessary arrangements would be made and to encourage them at his suggestion the Inspector displayed a pistol, the Jemadar hand-cuffs and a constable a gund and the Jamadar Hearsingh told them that every Mahomedan who happened to be in the Masjid and every Mahomedan who happen treet would be arrested.

7. Knowing that Esha prayer would commence at 7.30 P.M. the procession was started at that hou with the Jemadar and constables with loaded guns in advance and the Superintendent the Amildar and the Police Inspector with a pistol in his hand along with the palanquin.

8. The Mahomedans had no idea that music would not be stopped in front of the Masjid especially as they had been assured that there would be no disturbance at the time of prayers and on the assurance some of the Mahomedans themselves had decorated the palanquin.

9. As it was the 5th or the last prayer time (called the Esha prayer) some Mahomedans were offering prayers in the Masjid as usual. As soon as the procession reached the chowk which is hald a furlong from the Masjid, guns were fired and immediately Jemadar Hearsingh

rushed into the Masjid with constables armed with guns and ordered the Mahomedans to stop the prayer and clear out. Then the boy Abdul Khader who happened to be standing in the Masjid requested him not to disturb them and some altercation ensued between the two. In the meantime Superintendent, Amildar and the Inspector arrived and Hera Sigh shot the boy and some more shots were fired indiscrimi nately. The Mahomedans who were offering prayers ran away out of fear and the boy fell down unconscious.

10. Taking him to be dead and realising their stupidity the Police officers at once put out the lights and in the dark created disturbance in the crowed and caused themselves some injuries to create an impression on the credulous crowd that the Mahomdeans did all the mischief.

11. That subsequently they concocted a case of rioting and hurt hushing all their crimes and arrested all the Mahomedans available including boys of 12 to 18 and placed a charge sheet before the Sub Divisional Magistrate of Chikbalapur and knowing his sympathies prevailed upon the District Magistrate to order him to try himself, although the Sub Division Magistrate of Chintamani was about to take charge of his duties. Even bail was refused to the unfortunate victims by the Magistrate on the technical ground that there was a non bailable section 326 in the charge sheet which was purposely put in without an iota of evidence. These are now hurded together in the Chickbalapur Lock up, which cannot accommodate even half the number to live on foul air.

12. Thus a most unjustifiable and illegal deed was committed on the Mahomden subjects of His Highness by those who are responsible for saıeguarding the interests and rights of people and for protecting the weak and the depressed.

13. That no proclamation had been issued; no warning was given and with absolutely no justification or without the least provocation the religious place of worship was invaded, religious worship was disturbed (296 I .P.C) and an innocent boy was shot.

14. Not being satisfied with these atrocities the Amildar issued an order under section 144Cr.P.C. the next day, Friday the most

important day for Mahomedans(no such order was passed on the previous day) prohibiting Mahomadans from offering prayers on the 17,18 and 19th in the Masjid (which he insultingly termed as an ashurkhana) a deliberate breach of the avowed policy of the Government and an act intended to would the religious feelings of the already excited Mahomedans.

15. As if this were not enough armed police were made to parade the streets during the following days as if martial law had been declared, armed constables were stationed before the Masjid and another procession was organised and led by all the powerful Superintendent from the same house with all pomp. The procession led by the Superientendent and the Amildar and party with magnificent garlands round their necks and surrounded on all sides by armed police was taken to the house of the Amildar and thence to the front of the Masjid where it was made to halt for two hours, the Superintendent and his party enjoying the nautch just before the Masjid gate with a defiant and revengful attitude with the sole purpose of disgracing the helpless Mahomedans and defiling their religious institution.

16. The memoraiists most respectfully submit that the misdeeds of the police surpassed the Punjab atrocities when most surprisingly they were committed soon after they were condemned by the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India and without the least regard to the principles laid down in his famous despatch.

The memoraiasts tender their most respectful apologies for this unpardonable comparison but as they are submitting it to their generous mined Dewan, they feel they are justified in doing so

17. Unhappily, unlike in British India, misrepresentations are being made in the press and even in the Legislative Council and the press and the politicians are not taking the side ofthe oppressed and the wronged, which conclusively proves the political motive behind the whole plot.

18. The Inspector General of Police arrived at the place after everything was subsided and took down the complaints of Mahomedans; but so far he has investigated their case. The

The memorialists have no confidence in him as he is interested in saving his subordinates.

19. In the case charge sheeted by the Police, Jemadar Heerasingh has been examined in chief and he admits having transgressed into the Masjid and ordered the Mussalmans to disperse and he says that the Police had no guns with them. The memorialists are afraid that if the matter is delayed all the available evidence as regards firing by police will be destroyed.

20. The memorialists submit that unless the Government take immediate measures to investigate into the misdeeds of the police the honor, the person and property of Muslims of Chintamani will not be safe.

21. Therefore the memorialists most respectfully pray:-

(1) that a committee or disinterested officials and non-officials may be immediately appointed to investigate the case thoroughly and to suggest punishments to the real offenders and measures to effectively avoid recurrence of such incidents in future.

(2) An independent officer not the Inspector General of Police may be appointed to investigate the case against the Police and to punish them.

(3) That immediate steps may be ordered to be taken to find out the number of cartridges of guns and pistols spent and the amount of gun powder used.

(4) That the Superintendent, Amildar, Inspector and Jemadar be transferred to another district to ensure an impartial enquiry.

(5) That since unnecessary sensation is created and all sorts of false rumours are being spread in the district to the prejudice of the accused, the case may be transferred to the file of a Magistrate outside the District preferably of a Christian Magistrate.

(6) That in case the Government are not willing to proceed against their own officers to accord sanction to the memorialists to progecute the Superintendent, the Amildar, Inspector and Jamadar.

12-7-1921. The memorialists pray for your long life and prosperity.

15

111

To

Sirder Sir M. Kantaraj Urs , K.C.I.E., C.S.I.,

Dewan of Mysore.

THE HUMBLE MEMORIAL OF THE UNDERSIGNED MAHOMEDAN SUBJECTS OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE

Most respectfully showeth:-

1. That the loyal and law abiding Mahomedan subjects of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore who are in minority in the State, following a different faith from that of the majority, with highly developed feelings for their religion, are grateful to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja for special protection which has so long been given to them in religious matters.

II. That in all places in the Province the Hindus out of regard for the religious sentiments of their Mahomedan brethren and more specially with a view to avoid any kind of disturbance at their prayers were stopping music near and in front of Masjids and hence there used to be perfect unanimity and friendly feeling between the sister communities in almost all parts of the province.

III. On very rare occasions when owing to ignorance or some other local causes the feelings between the two communities were about to be strained the sympathetic Taluk and District Officers used to intervene immediately and settled the dispute amicably to the satisfaction of both parties. Disputes in Robertsonpet and Molkalmaru etc., may be cited as instances.

IV. But unfortunately owing to the recent political developments some interested brahman leaders and brahman officers knowing that the Mahomedans have made common cause with non-brahman hindus as their grievances and interests are identical, and realsing the possibility of such unanimity becoming detrimental to their own selfish cause, are setting up non-brahman hindus and Mahomedans to rake up the question of music before Musjids and are trying to create dissentions between them in order to serve their own political ends.

V. They have so far succeeded in two places, Tiptur and Chintamani.

VI. In Tiptur the Brahman Deputy Commissioner, the Brahman Amildar, and the Brahman Police Inspector first tried to create disturbances during the Peace Celebrations but the timely interference of our gracious Dewas Sahib saved the situation. But subsequently persisting in their endeavours they instigated some ignorant non-brahman hindus to take a Bhajana procession before the Masjid and when some Mahomedans requested them to stop music and not to disturb the prayers , the Police Inspector came to the spot, concocted a case and charge sheeted them before the Amildar, one of the conspirators for being members of the alleged unlawful assembly, and the Amildar in his turn sentenced them to rigorous imprisonment ranging from 5 to 11 months and to very heavy fines although there was no assault of any kind. They had thus succeeded in creating a breach in the harmonious relationship between the Mahomedans and a section of non-brahman hindus of Tiptur.

VII. The memorable Government order on the Miller Committee Report has made the Brahman officers to work by all means at their power against non-brahmans as a whole, and they appear to have made the creation of dissentions between the two important non-brahman communities the first item in their destructive programme of work.

VIII. Taking advantage of the absence in Mysore of the head of the Kolar District during the Birthday Celebrations, the local brahman officers and brahman leaders selected Chintamani for their field of activities knowing that several years ago there was some trouble about the Masjid there, (though it had not developed into a serious matter, the differences having been adjusted then and there among themselves), engineered a plot and enacted a tragedy there on the 16th June 1921 * the Birthday of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

IX. The whole scheme was thoroughly organised. A sum ofRs 3000/- was collected before hand for the purpose; the brahman Superintendent of Police was brought to the place three days before the date fixed to develop the plot in the several meetings held in the Travellers' Bungalow; the Superintendent and the Brahman Amildar influenced an ignorant and obedient Vaisya gentleman Gopalakrishnaya who happened to be celebrating his daughter's marriage to arrange for a procession:

the Khazi and non-brahman leaders were deceived and sent to Mysore under the pretext of amicably settling the question in the presence of the leaders of both the communities, who were there for the Birthday Celebrations; at about 7.30 P.M. when the Esha prayer was being offered in the Masjid on the 16th June the procession with musi and nautch party escorted by the Police Superintendent, Amildar and their subordinates fully armed with guns were brought near the Masjid and the police officers at once rushed into the sanctum sanctorum of Mahomedans, opened fire, disturbed the assembly of Mahamodents lawfully engaged in the performance of religious worship and shot a boy aged 14 years by name Abdul Khader, who happened to be standing inside the holy place without previous warning and least provocation.

true copy of the medical certificat given to the boy is herewith attached for kind perusal.

X. Thus the sanctity of the most sacred place for Mahomedans was defiled and the religious feeling of Mahomedans throughout wass deeply and grievously wounded.

XI. Not being satisfied with these atrocities, the Amildar on the next day - the Jumma day - issued an order under section 144 Criminal Procedure Code, prohibiting the Mahomedans from offering prayers on the 17th, the most sacred day for the Mahomedans and two following days in the Masjid (which he insultingly termed as Ashurkhana) - a deliberate breach of the avowed policy of the Government; armed police were placed before the Masjid on the 19th the all powerful Superintendent and the Amildar orgainsed and led another procession to the very gate of the holy place and halted there for two hours enjoying nautch party and music with a defiant and revengful attitude with the sole object of disgracing the helpless Mahomedans and defiling their religious institution. True Copies of the orders of the Brahman Amildar dated 17-6-1921 and 18-6-1921 are herewith attached for favour of reference.

XII. The memorialists most respectfully submit that the misdeeds of the police have no precedent in the history of the State.

XIII. The very fact, that unlike in British India, mis-representations are being made in the Press and even in the Legislative Council and that the Brahman politicians are not taking the cause of the wrong-doers and the oppressed is a proof positive of the political motive lying behind the whole xxxx plot.

XIV. The Inspector General of Police went to the place long after the occurrence and made a show of investigation but as could naturally be expected of him and one in his position, he seems to be trying to save the offenders and the memorialists have absolutely no confidence in his doing any kind of justice to them.

XV. The memorialists submit that, unless the Government takes a bold stand and awards exemplary punishment to the wrong doers and the mischief is nipped in the bud, the contagious will spread through out the Province and such disturbances will be created in all places and the peace of the land will be imperilled.

XVI. These incidents have created a thrill in the minds of the Mahamodan population and they expect the Government to do their duty by them, and punish the offenders alleviate their grievances and instil confidence into them.

XVII. Wherefore the memorialists pray that immediate steps be taken to thoroughly investigate into the misdeeds of the Police Department, the Amildar , the Inspector and the Jamadar and award them exemplary punishments for the offences:-

(a) of causing music, baja-bajantri and nautch to be played in front of the Musjid on the 16th June at the time of Esha prayers and disturbing the religious assembly, an offence punishable under section 296 Indian Penal Code.

(b) of criminally trespassing into the Musjid and ordering the assembly engaged in Namaz to disperse.

(c) of opening fire within the Mosque and shooting a Mussalman minor therein and thus committing a sacrilegious deed.

(d) of prohibiting Mahomedans from entering into the Mosque and offering prayers therein for 3 days including a jumma day; viz., 17th, 18th, and 19th June and making an exception only in the case of 9 Muhammadans on the 18th and 19th June 1921.

(e) of stationing armed constables before the masjid for some days after the 16th

(f) of bringing another procession on the 19th night and holding a nautch party for 2 hours before the mosque openly humiliating the already disgraced Muhammadans.

In conclusion, your humble memorialists, representatives of the Muhamadan community in the Province, most respectfully pray that with a view to make a fair and unprejudiced enquiry into the details of the above crimes committed by a mischievous section of the Government officials and brahman leaders a committee of officials and non-officia may be appointed to visit the place and to take evidence and report to Government on the matter, so that the future religious safety of the Musalman subjects of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore may be ensured in all these respects.

We beg to remain,

Sir,

Your most obedient servants,

Certificate to civil authorities in Police cases.

Certified that I examined one Khadirsab aged about 14 years on 16th June 1921 and found the following injury on his person:-

A circular gunshot would of the size of a two anna piece at the pit of stomach and it is about 1/4" deep.

The injury might have been the result of a bullet, probably conical and took 23 days to heal under proper treatment.

Sd/- Mahomed Mahagir,

Sub Assistant Surgeon, L.F.Dispensary
Chintamani.

9-7-1921.

------:0:------

In the Court of the Second Class Magistrate, Chintamani Taluk.

Order under section 144 Criminal Procedure Code.

To The Mahomedan Community of the Chintamani Townand Taluk .

Whereas information has been received from the Inspector of Police, Chintamani Taluk, that a large number of Mahomedans formed themselves into an unlawful assembly at the Ashurkhana in the Doddapet of Chintamani Town and obstructed a licensed marriage procession of the Vaisya community on the night of 16th June 1921 and also caused hurt to the police officers on duty and others by beating them with clubs and pelting stones at them and damaged property of the value of over three hundred rupees and whereas it has been made to appear to me that if any assembly of Mahomedans and others be allowed to at the said Ashurkhana, similar disturbances and breach of the peace are likely to occur as licensed processions of Vaisyas are expected to take place this day and two succeeding days; I hereby order you or any others not to enter the premises of the said Ashurkhana without permission or assembly there on 17th, 18th and 19th days of June 1921.

Given under my hand and seal this the 17th day of June 1921.

Sd/- B. Venkatakrishnappa.

2nd Class Magistrate, Chintamani Taluk.

Seal.

Taluk Magistrate's Court.

To

The Inspector of Police.

Mutavalli, Dastagir Sab, Pesh Imam Syed Sab, Jutha Syed Sab, Mozen Sab, Muli-Sab, Syed Esuf, Syed Buden, Sheriff Sab and Mahamad Shariff are permitted to offer prayers. No others should be allowed.

Sd/- B. Venkatakrishnappa.

18--6-1921. Magistrate- 2nd Class.

"True Copy"

(2)

21

11th August 1928.

Confidential
D.O. No.749/C.B.

Dear Sir,

With reference to the letter dated 9th instant addressed to the Dewan by yourself and Messrs. M.P.Somasekhara Rao, B.Srinivasa Iyengar, and C.N.Narasinga Rao, I am desired to state that the meeting on the 3rd instant was held under an assurance that the proceedings would be kept confidential. Government feel that they are not at liberty to publish the proceedings and they would deprecate ~~the~~ publicity being given to the proceedings by any gentlemen who were present at the meeting.

Yours sincerely,

To

B. K. Garudachar, Esqr.,
Chickpet, Bangalore City.

Confidential

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

CP 614

No. C.316/28 Enc one

CP 638-28-65

(4)

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE IN MYSORE,

Dated, Bangalore, 12th August 192 8

FROM

S. HIRIANNAIYA, ESQ., M.A., B.L.,
Inspector-General of Police in Mysore,
Bangalore.

To

N.Madhava Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Chief Secretary to the Government
of Mysore, Bangalore.

Sir,

I have the honour to forward herewith for the information of Government copy of a report dated 10th August 1928 from the A.S.P. Bangalore City, regarding the complaint of one Rangoji Rao of the City that his son aged ten years is missing from the 30th July 1928. The Police have been making all possible attempts to trace the boy. Four other boys who were reported to have missed have all come back

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Inspector General of Police

Report dated 10th August 1928 from the A.S.P., Bangalore City, to the Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

From enquiries made in all the Police Stations of the City it is learnt that only four boys were reported to have been missed in the City on the 30th ultimo and they have all come back to their houses.

One Rangoji Rao has sent a petition on the 6th inst. that his son Chikka Ranga Rao aged ten years has been missing from the 30th ultimo. This fact had not been reported by him in any of the stations till the date of the receipt of this petition. I sent for this petitioner and questioned him; he told me that the boy lost his mother some years ago and that as he had made friendship with some vagabonds, he was usually taking his son to the Survey Office where he is employed as a Press Man and that on the 30th ultimo the boy who did not accompany him to his office left his house at about 2 P.M. and is not seen again. Attempts are being made to trace the boy.

/ c o p y /

G. Lankamalle

for Inspector General of Police.

275

Strictly Confidential

OFFICE OF THE
INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE IN MYSORE.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

316/28 Enc one

(5)

Dated, Bangalore, 13th August 28

Dear Mr. Madhava Rao,

I enclose herewith for the information of Government a special intelligence report on the situation in the City. It is requested that these reports may be kept very confidential - for obvious reasons.

Yours sincerely

Illegible

To

N. Madhava Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,

Chief Secretary to the Government

of Mysore, Bangalore

Strictly Confidential

Special Intelligence Report

After the events of the 30th July 1928 a vigorous campaign of villification of Government and of misrepresenting their actions and intentions seems to have been carried on in the City. Alarmist telegrams containing exaggerated accounts and positive misstatements of facts have been communicated to the press in Madras, Bombay and other places. From enquiries made it is learnt that this campaign is the result of the activities of several persons in Bangalore, viz., Messrs Belur Srinivasiengar, L.S.Raju, D.Shama Rao, Mr.G.S.Rao, editor of the "Prajamitra", Mr.V.S.Sanjeeva Rao, the staff of the "Evening Mail" and some of the local correspondents of outside newspapers like the "Swarajya" "New India" and the local representative also of the A.P I. It is surmised that two or three influential persons are behind this organisation. Most mischievous anonymous petitions casting reflections on the highest officers of Government have been prepared and sent up during these few days and from the tone and language employed it is difficult to resist the conclusion that highly educated persons are at the bottom of some of them. The editor of the "Veerakesari" Mr.Sastry is said to have gone to Madras and Mr.Karnik Krishnamurthi Rao has been staying there for some time. Probably these two persons will also assist in the campaign of misrepresentation.

Even more than the occurrences of the 30th July 1928 the gossip, scandal-mongering, starting of sensational rumours imputing dishonourable motives to officers etc., etc., have done more to keep up the tension between the two communities who hitherto have lived on the most amicable terms. So far as the masses are concerned

there is every indication that the feelings are going down though it can not be said that things have reached quite the normal stage. Endeavours are being made in various directions to trace out the ramifications of the organisation responsible for the campaign of misrepresentation. Some of the anonymous petitions seem to have originated from Mysore and enquiries are proceeding there also.

J F Anderson
A.S.P
Rys and C. D.

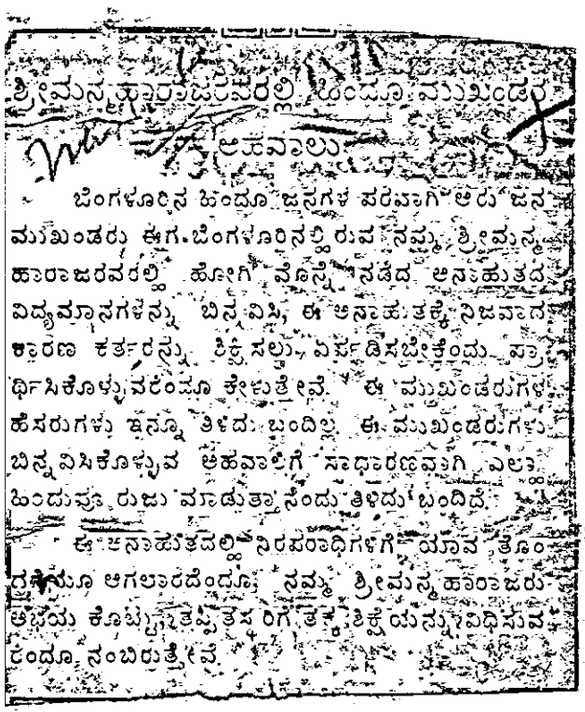
Bangalore
13. 8. 28

DEWAN'S OFFICE
Received on
15. AUG. 1928
Reg. No 181 17

CB 618

CB 38-28-69

Navajeevana
— 14-8-1928



ಶ್ರೀಮನ್ಮಹಾರಾಜರವರಲ್ಲಿ ಹಿಂದೂ ಮುಖಂಡರ ವಿಜ್ಞಾಪನೆ

ಬೆಂಗಳೂರಿನ ಹಿಂದೂ ಜನಗಳ ಪರವಾಗಿ ಆರು ಜನ ಮುಖಂಡರು ಈಗ ಬೆಂಗಳೂರಿನಲ್ಲಿರುವ ನಮ್ಮ ಶ್ರೀಮನ್ಮಹಾರಾಜರವರಲ್ಲಿ ಹೋಗಿ ಮೊನ್ನೆ ನಡೆದ ಅನಾಹುತದ ವಿದ್ಯಮಾನಗಳನ್ನು ಬಿನ್ನವಿಸಿ, ಈ ಅನಾಹುತಕ್ಕೆ ನಿಜವಾದ ಕಾರಣ ಕರ್ತರನ್ನು ಶಿಕ್ಷಿಸಲು ಏರ್ಪಡಿಸಬೇಕೆಂದು ಪ್ರಾರ್ಥಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವರೆಂದೂ ಕೇಳುತ್ತೇವೆ. ಈ ಮುಖಂಡರುಗಳ ಹೆಸರುಗಳು ಇನ್ನೂ ತಿಳಿದು ಬಂದಿಲ್ಲ. ಈ ಮುಖಂಡರುಗಳು ಬಿನ್ನವಿಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳುವ ವಿಜ್ಞಾಪನೆಗೆ ಸಾಧಾರಣವಾಗಿ ಎಲ್ಲ ಹಿಂದುಗಳೂ ರುಜು ಮಾಡುತ್ತಾರೆಂದು ತಿಳಿದು ಬಂದಿದೆ.

ಈ ಅನಾಹುತದಲ್ಲಿ ನಿರಪರಾಧಿಗಳಿಗೆ ಯಾವ ತೊಂದರೆಯೂ ಆಗಲಾರದೆಂದೂ, ನಮ್ಮ ಶ್ರೀಮನ್ಮಹಾರಾಜರು ಅಭಯ ಕೊಟ್ಟು ತಪ್ಪಿತಸ್ಥರಿಗೆ ತಕ್ಕ ಶಿಕ್ಷೆಯನ್ನು ವಿಧಿಸುವರೆಂದೂ ನಂಬಿರುತ್ತೇವೆ.

A Hindu deputation to His Highness

We learn that, on behalf of the Hindus of Bangalore City, six leaders are to approach His Highness the Maharaja who is now in Bangalore to acquaint him with the recent happenings and to request him to intervene and mete out suitable punishments to the persons really responsible for the disturbances. The names of these six representatives are not yet made public. It is understood that the memorial which they are to present in person to His Highness bears or will bear the signature of almost all the Hindu residents of the City.

We trust that His Highness's reply to the proposed deputation will be reassuring - promising to afford full protection to the innocent and to bring to book all those who have offended against the public peace.

submitted for perusal

15/8

15-8-28

Pl see

16/8

Il member

15/8

CB-669

OFFICE OF THE
INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE IN MYSORE.

C.316/28 Enc two

Bangalore, 17th Aug 1928

CB 38-28-89

Dear Mr. Madhava Rao,

I enclose herewith for information copy of a D.O. letter received from Mr. Dawson last night stating that the statement of the boy Chander Raj was taken by the Munsiff Magistrate as a precautionary measure. I enclose herewith for information also copy of my D.O. letter of the 15th referred to by Mr. Dawson.

Yours sincerely

To

N. Madhava Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Chief Secretary to Government,
Bangalore

D.O.letter dated 15th August 28 from the Inspector General of Police in Mysore to the Commissioner of Police, C.&.M.Station, Bangalore.

Should there be any apprehension of danger to the life of the boy in the Bowring Hospital (Chander Raj) I request you to be so good as to have his dying declaration recorded before a - Magistrate.

/ c o p y /

G. Lawrence

For Inspector General of Police

D.O.letter No.141/S.B.28 dated 16th August 1928 from the Commissioner of Police, C.&.M.Station, to the Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

Your D.O. of the 15th. There is, at present, no fear that Chander Raj will die, but, as a precautionary measure, I have had a statement taken by the Munsiff Magistrate. The statement is with him.

/ c o p y /

G. Lawrence

For Inspector General of Police.

Confidential.

POLICE DEPARTMENT.

No. C 34 Conf

(7)

OFFICE OF THE
INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE IN MYSORE,

Dated, Bangalore, 16th August 192 8.

17 CB670

FROM

S. HIRIANNAIYA, ESQ., M.A., B.L.,
Inspector-General of Police in Mysore,
Bangalore.

CB 38-28-90.

TO,

N. Madhava Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,

Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore
Bangalore.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward herewith for the information of Government a copy of report of date from the Assistant Superintendent of Police, Bangalore City, stating that Chikka Ranga, son of Ranoji, Pressman, Office of the Revenue Survey Superintendent, who was said to be missing from the 30th July 1928, has since returned home.

2. As regards the condition of the boy in the Bowring Hospital it is reported that he is alright.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Inspector General of Police.

Sub

Seems Merely

1878

Office of the Assistant Superintendent of Police,

Bangalore City.

Dated Bangalore the 15th August 1928.

Submitted to the Inspector General of Police in Mysore-Bangalore City.

Boy Chikka Ranga Rao son of Ranoji, Press man, Office of the Revenue Survey Superintendent in Mysore, Bangalore who was reported to missing from the 30th ultimo has returned home to day. The boy says that he visited Poona, Guntakal, Ananthapur, Hindupur and Doddaballapur.

From a letter written by a relative of the boy in whose custody he was at Doddaballapur, it appears that the boy has been a wonderer for nearly two months.

As regards the condition of the boy in the Bowring Hospital I have not been able to get correct information on the phone either from the Police or from the Hospital. Mr. Sanjeeva Rao is however reported to have said that the boy is alright.

M.K. Narasimha Iyengar,

Asst. Superintendent of Police,
Bangalore City.

Copy

for Inspector General of Police.

Confidential. POLICE DEPARTMENT.

No. C 318 / 28 — 16th 2/18 — 11

OFFICE OF THE
INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE IN MYSORE,

Dated, Bangalore, 18th August *192* 8

CB 711

CB 38-28-97

FROM

S. HIRIANNAIYA, ESQ., M.A., B.L.,
Inspector-General of Police in Mysore,
Bangalore.

To

N. Madhava Rao, Esq. B.A., B.L.,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
Bangalore.

Sir

I have the honor to forward herewith for the information of Government a copy of report dated 16th instant received from the Assistant Superintendent of Police, Bangalore City, enclosing a statement showing the number of boys who had been reported to be missing and have since returned.

I have the honor to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

Inspector General of Police.

Submit for perusal
Secretary Member

Letter dated 16th August 1928 from the Assistant Superintendent of Police, Bangalore City, to the Inspector General of Police in Mysore.

I have herein enclosed a statement of persons reported to be missing on the 30th ultimo.

All the boys excepting Chikka Ranga Rao noted in the statement returned home by the 5th instant. The latter who was in Doddaballapur returned home yesterday. From a letter written by a relative of the boy to his father it appears that this boy left Bangalore long before the 30th ultimo.

No other boys have been reported to any of the Police Stations to be missing. The petition received with your memo No.N.Dis Pet 197/28 dated 9th instant under reference is returned herewith.

Copy

for Inspector General of Police.

Statement of persons who were reported to be missing and were subsequently traced in Bangalore City

Sl No.	Name	Father's name	Age	Caste	Date of missing.	Remarks.
1	Visvanatha		11	Brahmin	30-7-1928	Traced
2	Lakshman Rao		9	do	do	do
3.	Govindappa a Papaiah	Sarige Rangapp	17	Sarige	do	do
4.	Narayana Rao	Lakshmanna	14-15		do	do
5.	Chick Ranga Rao	Ranoji Rao	10	Maratta	do	do

Sd/ M.K.Narasimha Iyengar,
A.S.P. - Bangalore City.

COPY

G. Ramachandra

For Inspector General of Police.

C.P. 714. 27

16/9/28

Cb 38-28-106

12

For perusal. If approved, will be filed

Second Member

Dhen Member

Dewan

To

The Chief Secretary to the Government
of His Highness the Maharaja of
Mysore, Bangalore.

Sir,

In connection with the Magesterial enquiry into the disturbances which occurred in Bangalore City on the 30th July 1928, I beg leave to bring the following circumstances to your kind notice:-

1. From the reports and the statements of several persons in the press and from hearsay, as well as from the very nature of the incidents, it is evident that a large number of Government Servants are eyewitnesses to the several occurrences of the 30th July, commencing probably from 11 A. M. and ending nearly by 11 P. M.

2. The learned Additional District Magistrate who is holding the enquiry has already examined a number of Sowars who suffered injuries, probably in front of the Public Offices. The witnesses to the incidents in and near the Public Offices are mainly the large number of officers and ministerial hands who were on duty in the building. Even as regards the incidents later in the day and those in the night in and near the Sultanpet A. V. School, the number of Government Servants who have personal knowledge of the incidents in one or more stages, either in the course

819
18.8.28.

their duties or by accidental presence as sight-seers, is not inconsiderable. And this statement I venture to make on the basis of reliable reports gathered as Counsel for some of the injured persons and also in my personal capacity of one interested in some small measure in the progress and result of the enquiry.

3. (a) The learned Additional District Magistrate who is holding the enquiry has readily seen the reasonableness of the request made by written application on the 15th inst., by the Counsels appearing for some of the injured persons, and he has very kindly ordered the extension, upto the 26th inst., of the time for intimating the names of witnesses. He has also issued a printed notice in this behalf.

(b) Such intimation of names has to be done either by the injured persons or by the witnesses themselves. Granting that the injured persons retained sufficient consciousness or presence of mind backed up by a good memory at the time of the incident, the resources of the injured persons to ascertain the names of eyewitnesses, whether Government Servants or not, are necessarily limited in the very circumstances. The next alternative is for the witnesses themselves

to intimate to the Magistrate their names and their willingness to give evidence.

(c) If the witnesses happen to be private individuals, they may be expected to accept the invitation to volunteer their names and give evidence in exercise of full freedom, notwithstanding press - communiques and other reports in print.

(d) Where, however, the witnesses (not to - speak of injured persons) happen to be servants of the Government, the invitation to volunteer their names to the enquiring Magistrate will not, I beg to fear, prove an effective means to secure the best available evidence in the interests of justice and truth.

(e) Abstract ideals and standards of rectitude in conduct and adherence to truth may not always gain supremacy over hesitancy and misgiving in situations like the present, and the result may prove itself to be, though without justification, the very negation of the independent and exhaustive enquiry which the Government have been pleased to order with a view to set at rest, as one result, the various rumours and conflicting reports about the several occurrences on the 30th July '28.

4. I can easily take it that the constitution of a mixed committee, as much as the appointment

30

of a Special Magistrate to enquire into the disturbances, is a supercession, in the spirit if not also in the letter, of the Government communiques in so far as these set out facts; and surely, neither the Magistrate nor the Committees will have any of the communiques or press reports in their mind in any manner whatsoever.

5. I crave leave to suggest that in the fitness of things and in fulfilment of the intentions of the Government in these several behalfs, the Press Communiques, so far as they set out facts relating to the incidents, may be superceded in the letter as well, and in effect, orders be issued directing all Government servants, whether as injured persons or as witnesses, to forthwith notify their names to the Additional District Magistrate and to give their evidence without any sort of hesitation or misgiving as to prospects in service, for which there is no foundation of any kind whatsoever.

I pray and trust that the above humble suggestion will commend itself to the gracious consideration of the Government.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most Obedient Servant,

S. Venkatapathaiya

Advocate,

Bangalore city

18th Aug. 1928.

13

To

The Chief Secretary

to the Government of Mysore,

New Public Offices,

Bangalore.

Sir,

In continuation of the letter dated 18th instant from Mr. S. Venkatapathaiya, Advocate, Bangalore City, who is working with me to assist the Additional District Magistrate, in the enquiry into the distrubances of 30th July, 1928, I am forwarding herewith, for ~~favoring~~ information and such action as you might deem necessary, the first list of Government Officers whose evidence has been ascertained -- necessary.

I beg to add that the original of the list was filed in the Court of the said Magistrate on the 22nd instant.

OFFICE OF THE SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL
27 AUG. 1928
No. 167

I have the honour to be

Sir,

Your most obedient servant

K. Shamanna

(Chickapet, near Bathing Ghat)

Bangalore, Advocate.

25th Aug. 1928.

Submitted for perusal

Dewan

Second Member 27/8/28

Third Member 25-8-28

IN THE COURT OF THE ADDITIONAL

DISTRICT MAGISTRATE,

BANGALORE.

F. I. R. Nos. 1 & 2 of 28-29.

Names of Witnesses.

1. Mr. S. Shamanna,
   Comptroller.
2. Mr. Justice D. K. Rama Rao,
   Judge, Chief Court.
3. Mr. K. Shankarnarayana Rao,
   Government Advocate.
4. Mr. T. Singaravelu Modaliar,
   Registrar, Chief Court.
5. Mr. T. A. V. Eswaran, Secretary,
   Stores Purchase Committee,
   G. R. S.
6. Mr. M. N. Seetharamiah,
   Asst. Secretary, G. R. S.
7. Mr. N. Deva Rao,
   Assistant to the Publicity Officer
   G. R. S.
8. Mr. V. Subrahamanya Sastry,
   Superintendent, Development
   Branch, G. R. S.
9. Mr. S. G. Narasimhiah,
   Reporter, G. R. S.
10. Mr. K. Rangaswami, Development
    Branch, G.R.S.

11. Mr. G. K. Venkataraman,
Revenue Branch, G. R. S.

12. Mr. K. Venkata Rao,
Financial Branch, G. R. S.

13. Mr. C. Veeraraja Urs,
Assistant Secretary, G. R. S.

14. Mr. K. Panduranga Rao,
Superintendent, G. M. Branch,
G. R. S.

15. Mr. S. Pundarikaksham,
Reporter.

Advocates.
22-8-28.

"Copy".

Copy forwarded to the Chief Secretary, Bangalore.

K. Ramaraz
Advocate.

Bangalore.
25-8-1928.

(1)

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. 34 3rd September 1928.

77/C.B.
Encl 5

Dear Mr. Noronha,

With reference to your letter No.E.248 dated the 27th September 1928, I am desired to invite your kind reference to my letter No.1733/C.B.38-28- dated 29th September 1928, in which I have given the substance of a report sent by the Inspector General of Police on the 26th July 1928 about a strike of students of the Sultanpet Middle School (as also a list of the disorders reported from various parts of the State after the 30th July 1928). No other reports were received by Government, prior to the 30th July. A few reports subsequent to this date about the tracing of boys stated to have been missing etc., are sent herewith in original for perusal and return.

Yours sincerely,

To

C. Noronha, Esqr., B.A.,
Secretary, Bangalore Disturbances Inquiry Committee,
Bangalore.

POLICE DEPARTMENT. (1) CA 1008

No. 316/28 & 1 35

Confidential

OFFICE OF THE
INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE IN MYSORE,

Dated, Bangalore, 9th September ..... *192*8.

60

CHIEF SECRETARY. CB 10 SEP 1928

FROM

S. HARIANNAIYA, ESQ., M.A., B.L.,
Inspector-General of Police in Mysore,
Bangalore.

To

N.Madhava Rao,Esq.,B.A.,B.L.,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
B a n g a l o r e

Sir,

I have the honour to forward herewith for the informatio of Government a copy of memo dated 9th September 1928 directin Mr.M.C.Mariappa, A.S.P. on special duty, to work under the Superintendent of Police, Bangalore City and Taluk.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Inspector-General of Police.

Confidential

C.316/28

Office of the
Inspector General of Police in Mysore

Dated, Bangalore, 9th Sep 28

M E M O.

Mr.Mariappa, A.S.P. on special duty, will hereafter work under the Superintendent of Police, Bangalore City and Taluk. His diaries should be sent to (1) The Chief Secretary to Government (2) The Inspector General of Police and (3) The District Magistrate, Bangalore District, as heretofore.

Sd. S.Hiriannaiya

Inspector General of Police.

/ c o p y /

For Inspector General of Police

(1) 36

DEWAN'S OFFICE.
Received on
10. SEP. 1928
Reg. No. 1302

OFFICE OF THE
SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL
8 SEP. 1928
No. 2104.

Dear Mr. Hiriannaiya,

I am desired to request that the Assistant Superintendent of Police on special duty, Bangalore City, may be asked to discontinue sending me copies of his diaries. If the diary contains any information of sufficient importance to be brought to the notice of Government you may kindly write to me demi-officially, enclosing, if necessary, extracts from the diary.

Yours sincerely,

Chief Secretary to Govt.

To

S. Hiriannaiya, Esqr., M.A., B.L.,
Inspector General of Police.

Sent for concurrence

Second Member 6/9

Dewall

I think the diaries may be sent up - I should like to keep in touch with what is going on, & there seem to be no harm in the copies being sent.

CSG 8/9

11-9-28

9/9

37

List of papers sent to the Secretary, Bangalore Disturbances Inquiry Committee, as desired in his letter No.E.248, dated the 27th September.

Sl. no: 4

A. Confidential letter No.C.316/28-29, Enc. 1, dated 12th August 1928 from the I. G. P. to the Chief Secretary to Govt. forwarding a copy of the A.S.P., Bangalore, dated 10th Aug. 1928 regarding the complaint of one Rangoji Rao of the City that his son aged ten years is missing (with its enclusure) - In original. CB. 614

5 B. Confl. D.O. letter316/28, Encl.1, dated 13th Aug. 28, from the I.G.P. to the Chief Secy. to Govt. forwarding a special intelligence report on the situation in the City.

6. C. D.O. No.316/28, encl.1, dated 17th Aug. 1928, from the Inspector General of Police in Mysore, forwarding copy of a D.O. letter received from Mr. Dawson stating that the statement of the boy Chander Raj was taken by the Munsiff Magistrate as a Precautionary measure. CB 669

7. D. Confl. letter No.C.316/28, Encl.1, dated 16/17th Aug. 28, from the I. G. P., to the Chief Secretary to Gov forwarding a copy of report from the A.S.P., B'lore stating that Chikka Ranga, son of Ranoji, Pressman, Rev. Sur. Office, has since returned home. CB 670

11. E. Confl. letter No.C.316/28, dated 18th Aug. 1928, from the I.G.P., to the Chief Secretary, forwarding a copy of the report dated 16th Aug. recd. from A.S.P B'lore City, enclosing a statement showing the number of boys who had been reported to be missing and have since returned. CB. 711

CB 1307

D.O. No. E. 248.

C. E. NORONHA, ESQ., M.A.,
Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
BANGALORE DISTURBANCES INQUIRY COMMITTEE,

Bangalore, dated 27th Sept. 1928.

IMMEDIATE.

My dear Sir,

I am desired to request you kindly to furnish immediately for the information of the Committee copies of the reports said to have been submitted to Government by the Inspector General of Police and the District Magistrate in connection with the Bangalore Disturbances.

Yours sincerely,

27/9. Secretary.

To

N. Madhava Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Chief Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
Bangalore.

CKS/

38

Dear Mr.Noronha

With reference to your letter No.E.248 of even date, I am desired to invite your kind reference to my letter already sent to-day, in which I have given the substance of a report sent by the Inspector General of Police on the 26th July 1928 about a strike of students of the Sultanpet Middle School (as also a list of the disorders reported from various parts of the State after the 30th July - 1928). No other reports were received by Government, prior to the 30th July. A few reports subsequent to this date about the tracing of boys stated to have been missing etc., are sent herewith in original for perusal and return.

Yours sincerely,

C.Noronha, Esq., M.A.,
Secretary, Bangalore Disturbances
Enquiry Committee, Bangalore.

H.K.S.

(A, B. C, D, E.)

It is for consideration if reports re: Students' meeting on 27th Aug. '28 & measures to stop it are to be sent. ~~[illegible]~~ It was no disturbance

This is not necessary.

OFFICE OF THE
SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL
1 Oct 1928
No. 2721

Subs for consideration.

Second Member 30/9

Third Member 1/10

(1)

OFFICE OF THE
INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF POLICE IN MYSORE.
Bangalore,

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE

2nd October 192 8.

3 CB1378.

Dear Mr.Ramachandra Rao,

With reference to your D.O.Letter No.190 of yesterday's date about the missing of two boys as published in the "Evening Mail" of the 29th September 28, I enclose herewith for favour of submission to the Dewan Saheb, a copy of report No.H.C.292/28-29 dated 27th September 28 received from the District Superintendent of Police, Bangalore City and Taluk, in the matter. It will be seen thereon from that the alleged rumour is incorrect. I have sent a copy of the report to the Editors of the Evening Mail and Tai Nadu for publication.

Yours sincerely,

To

M.S.Ramachandra Rao,Esq., B.A.,
Private Secretary to the Dewan of
Mysore, Bangalore.

Confidential.
D.O.No.H.C.292/28

39

Office of the Superintendent of Police,
Bangalore city and Taluk.
Dated, Bangalore, the 27th Sept. 1928.

Dear sir,

With reference to your D.O.letter No.C.C.417 of 28 dated the 24th instant enquiring whether the boys mentioned in Column 2 on page 3 of the Sampadabhyudaya of the 22nd instant under the caption "Bangalore Sultanpet School" were really missing, I write to say that enquiries made show that no boys are missing. The Attendence Registers of Sultanpet and Mamoolpet Middle Schools were looked into. In the registers maintained in the Sultanpet Middle School the names of 3 Hanumantha Raos are mentioned. They are (1) K.Hanumantha Rao, student of the 1st year B Class (2) H.R.Hanumantha Rao, student of the 4th year B Class and (3) S. Hanumantha Rao. The first two are not attending the school since the 24th July 1928. The 1st one is working in the Krishna Press, the 2nd one in Gopala Rao's Coffee Club in Cottonpet and the 3rd one is attending the School regularly. The name of Muniranga is not found during the months of June and July in any of the registe maintained in both the schools.

Yours sincerely,

Sd/- T.V.A.Isvaran,

To

G.B.Heblikar, Esq., B.A.,LL.B.,
Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.

Copy of the above is submitted to the Inspector General of Police in Mysore, Bangalore for favour of information.

Sd/- T.V.A.Isvaran,

Superintendent of Police,
Bangalore city & Taluk.

"C O P Y"

For Inspector General of Police.

2xo

CS-1400

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
BANGALORE DISTRICT,

D.O. No. C.C. 64/28-29
Enc.-two.

Dated Bangalore, the....3rd October...192 8.

DEWAN'S OFFICE
5 - OCT. 1928
No. 1757

OFFICE OF THE
SECOND MEMBER OF COUNCIL
5 OCT. 1928
No. 2807

Dear Mr. Madhava Rao,

Re: the removal of Aswatha tree to the South of Doddanna Hall, Bangalore City.

-:o:O:o:-

I enclose herewith for perusal a copy of the report received from the Inspector "C" Division through the City Superintendent of Police, Bangalore, with a copy of its enclosure in regard to the projected removal of an Asvatha tree in the Fort behind the Vani Vilas Institute. I went to the place on the 22nd September 1928 and after ascertaining the feelings and wishes of the people of the locality, ordered that the tree should not be removed, but that only dead branches should be lopped off.

I shall ascertain from the Municipal Commissioner ~~xx~~ what he has done in regard to the reconsecration of the Naga stones which the people are said to be demanding.

Yours sincerely,

S. Bhadrakar

Sub'd for perusal

Second Member 4/10

Dewan

5/10

5/10

6/10

Confidential.

To No.187/28-29.

Report submitted to the Superintendent of Police, Bangalore City and Taluk:--

Regarding the "Aswatha" tree in the Fort to the South of Doddanna Hall.

I beg to state that from confidential enquiries I ascertained the following particulars:--

The occupants of the house to the east of the Aswatha Tree submitted a petition of 3-8-28 to the Municipal Commissioner saying that as some branches of the tree were dried up and would fall in the houses, the branches may kindly be got removed. The House belongs to the grand sons of one Kasave Narasappa. Two of them viz., Hiranyayya and Gundappa are living in Bangalore. The tenants of the house viz., Singrappa, Sidda, Manchanga, Mariappa and Boradasaiya submitted the petition and they sent a reminder on 23rd August 1928.

On 20th September 1928 two coolies of the Municipality viz., Veerasamy and Cheluve with maistry Annamale Modaliar and Horticultural Inspector Mr. Rangaiya went near the tree and the coolies uprooted some of the "Naga stones" that were on the Katte preparatory to removing the tree. The people of the Locality headed by Mr. B.K. Subba Rao and Chinnappa and others obstructed the coolies and removed the Pick-axe and some other implements. The coolies and the maistries and the Horticultural Inspector went away.

On 21st September 1928, the Commissioner and the Municipal Engineer and Overseer Mr. Shamanna and the Horticultural Inspector Mr. Rangaiya and others went there. They questioned the inhabitants of the locality. They told them that they had no objection to the removal of the dried up portions of the tree and that they objected to the removal of the "Naga stones" which they considered as an act of desecration. Then the Commissioner asked Inspector Mr. Rangaiya to replace the Naga stones and went

away. Then Mr. Rangaiya told the inhabitants that the tree had been sold in auction to a Mussalman of Kalasipalya and thinking that the presence of a Mussalman would inflame religious feeling ~~xxxxx~~ he, i.e., Mr. Rangaiya had gone there to get the tree cut down. Then Mr. Rangaiya and overseer Mr. Shamanna urged for a compromise saying that Mr. Rangaiya would pay about Rs. 20/- for the re-consecration of the "Naga stones". The inhabitants did not consent and they wanted more money for the reconsecration.

In the evening of 21st September 1928 Maistries Annamale Modaliar told the inhabitants of the locality that the Deputy Commissioner who was also the President of the Municipality would be visiting the place.

On the morning of 22nd September 1928, the Engineer and the Commissioner went to the place and told the inhabitants of the locality that it would be well if they removed the tree themselves as it was in a dangerous condition, and that the Engineer and the Commissioner would settle in the matter of reconsecration of the "Naga stones" amicably. The Deputy Commissioner who came to the spot later made enquiries and told the inhabitants of the Locality to remove such of the branches that were in a dangerous condition. The residents lead by Mr. B.K. Subba Rao and others told him that ~~xxx~~ as Brahmins they could not do it as it was against their religious sentiments and that the Municipality might get it done for which they had no objection.

At this point the Commissioner asked them to give a mutchalika to that effect and the residents told him that they would give the mutchalika after the matter of reconsecration of the Naga stones had been settled. He said he would consider the matter and send them an endorsement in the evening and Mr. B.K. Subba Rao returned the implements to the Coolies which they had taken possession of on the 20th instant

Mr. B.K. Subba Rao received an endorsement on the evening of 22nd September 1928 stating that the Municipality will not cut down the tree but will arrange to lop off the dried up branches which are in a dangerous condition.

The endorsement is silent on the point of reconsecration of the "Naga Stones".

The Inhabitants of the locality have got up a petition and are getting it signed to present the same to the Commissioner requesting him about the reconsecration of the Naga stones. A copy of the petition is enclosed for favour of kind perusal.

They want to move the authorities about the reconsecration of the Naga stones. They are also a bit agitated over the fact that the tree was sold to a Mussalman in auction without wide publicity having been given to the fact.

Sd. T.V. Krishnamurthy,
C.Division Inspector.
24th Septr. 1928.

N.Dis on O.C.142/28.

Submitted to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, for favour of information.

Sd.T.V.A. Isvaran,

Superintendent of Police,
Bangalore City & Taluk.

"Copy"

Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

104

To

The Commissioner,

City Municipality,

BANGALORE CITY.

Sir,

In acknowledging the endorsement No.C-3-27/To.542 dated 22nd September 1928 issued to the Hindu residents of the Fort, Bangalore City, assuring them that the Aswatha tree to the South of Doddanna Hall will not be cut down, they beg to bring the following further happenings to your kind notice with the object that needful steps may be immediately taken to repair the damage already done.

Ever since the oldest of the inhabitants of the Fort can remember there were a number of "Naga Stones".

On the Katte around the Aswatha tree in question and we are assured that every one of these stones was duly consecrated. We are informed that in persuance of an alleged sale of the tree in question to a Mussalman some workmen came to the spot three days ago and as a preliminary cutting down the tree they dug and removed 26 of these consecrated stones from their places. But before further damage could be done some of us interfered and prevented further pollution.

It is superfluous to bring to your notice that any removal of these stones amounts to a desecration of their sanctity wounding the faith and religious susceptibilities of Hindus in general and of the residents of the Fort in particular Moreover the removal of a number of such aswatha trees and kattes in other localities of the City taken along with the recent happenings in the City and the existing state of feelings between the Muslim and Hindu communities forces us to believe that the removal of the stones and the attempts to cut down the tree are calculated to insult the Hindu religion

The endorsement referred to above assures us that the tree in question will not be cut down but it is silent as to the question of re-instatement of the distributed and polluted Naga stones and their reconsecration. While we are satisfied with the assurance that the tree is sage we are anxious to have the stones reconsecrated and reinstalled. This means a large sum of money and we pray that this matter may kindly be taken into immediate consideration and a sufficient amount be sanctioned and paid for the above said purpose.

Trusting that this petition will evoke immediate compliance and awaiting a prompt reply.

We beg to remain,
Sir,
Your most obedient servants,

Bangalore City,
Dated

"Copy"

Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL

Sl. 5.

ON MYSORE GOVERNME

N. MADHAVA RAO, Esq., B.A., B.L.,

Chief Secretary to the Government

of His Highness the Maharaja of My

CHIEF SECRETARY
3 OCT. 1928

Member of Council.

CONFIDENTIAL. OPEN HERE

Strictly Confidential.

Special Intelligence Report.

After the events of the 30th July 1928 a vigorous campaign of villification of Government and of misrepresenting their actions and intentions seems to have been carried on ~~in the City. Alarmist telegrams containing exaggerated~~ accounts and positive misstatements of facts have been communicated to the press in Madras, Bombay and other places. From enquiries made it is learnt that this compaign is the result of the activities of several persons in Bangalore, vix., Messrs. Belur Srinivasiengar, L.S.Raju, D.Shama Rao, Mr. G.S.Rao, editor of the "Prajamitra", Mr.V.S.Sanjeeva Rao, the staff of the "Evening Mail" and some of the local correspondents of outside newspapers like the "Swarajya", New India, and the local representative also of the A.P.I. It is ~~surmised that two or three influential persons are behind~~ this organisation. Most mischievous anonymous petitions casting reflections on the highest officers of Government have been prepared and sent up during these few days and from the tone and language employed it is difficult to resist the conclusion that highly educated persons are at the bottom of some of them. The editor of the "Veerakesari" Mr. Sastry is said to have gone to Madras and Mr. Karnik Krishnamurthi Rao has been staying there for some time. Probably these two persons will also assist in the campaign of misrepresentation

Even more than the occurrences of the 30th July 1928 the gossip, scandal-mongering, starting of sensational rumours imputing dishonourable motives to officers etc., etc., have done more to keep up the tension between the two communities who hitherto have lived on the most amicable terms. So far as the masses are concerned there is every indication that the feelings are going down though it can

not be said that things have reached quite the normal stage. Endeavours are being made in various directions to trace out the ramifications of the organisation responsible for the campaign of misrepresentation. Some of the anonymous petitions seem to have originated from Mysore and enquiries are proceeding there also.

(Sd.) H. Anderson,
A. S. P.
Rys. and C.I.D.

Bangalore,
13th Aug. 1928.

In all future communications please quote—
No. C.C.417/28-29.
Enc. Three.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER,
BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Dated Bangalore, the 10th October *192* 8

C.P. 1499

FROM

G. B. HEBLIKAR, ESQ., B.A., LL.B.,
Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

CHIEF SECRETARY, 10 OCT. 1928

To

T. Madhava Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore,
BANGALORE.

SIR,

Subject

I have the honour to forward herewith for the information of Government reports received from the City Superintendent of Police, Bangalore, re: the meetings held on the 7th instant at Bangalore City by the members of the Aryasamagists and District Congress Committee.

DEWAN'S OFFICE 13 OCT. 1928

I have the honour to be,
Sir,
Your most obedient servant,

G. B. Heblikar

Deputy Commissioner,
Bangalore District.

C.S. for perusal.

Secy. Revenue C.S. 11/10

11/10/28

Secy. Revenue 14/10

A meeting of the Arya Samagists was held in the City Y.M.C.A. Hall at 5-45 P.M. yesterday with Dr.C.B. Rama Rao in the charr. It was sparsely attended.

In introducing Dr. (Murray) Amaranath Arya M.D., Dr. C.B. Rama Rao said that he was an M.D. of the London University and that he had come here to appreciate the greatness of our ancertors. He is one of our brothern in religion.

Then a few boys of the Arya Samaj School chanted vedic hymns for some time though the subject of the lecture was announced to be "The call of India" the lecturer never spoke of any Politics and very little or even none of religion. He said that he is a vegetarian from his life and had come to India on business. He learnt many things here and got himself converted into Hinduism. Much work was to be done as many good things are at present neglected uncared for.

Many old industries could be revived and better workmanship could be had here. What was much needed was money. He promised to go back to England, explain things to many of his friends there, collect funds and invest them on many old industries. That would solve the problem of unumployment to a certain extent. The Doctor added that he had an interview with the Dewan recently who promised to give him some assistance in this. The Doctor was not for boycott of foreign goods but defeating foreign competitors by the production of ~~a~~ equally good, if not better articles.

He was also for bringing about some reform in public school life here, not by the importation of western methods but by the introduction of a system akin to the old gurukulavas. He was for simplicity in all things.

The discourse was very disconnected and the lecturer could neither be well-heard nor followed by the audience. The lecture being over the gathering which numbered about 50 dispursed at about 7 P.M.

-oOo----

S. Krishna Rao
6/10/28

No.

Office of the Superintendent of Police,
Bangalore City & Taluk.
Dated, Bangalore, the 9th October 1928.

Copy of the foregoing in duplicate is submitted to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, for favour of information.

Superintendent of Police,
Bangalore City & Taluk.

Rec'd
9.10.28.

R e p o r t.

Beg to report that a general body meeting was held in the Bangalore District Congress Committee office, yesterday evening at 4 P.M. Mr.K.T.Bhasyam Iyengar, retiring President of the Congress Committee took the chair.

Mr.P. Shama Rao, the Secretary read the annual report. There was an informal talk on the subjects "(1) the audit of the accounts and (2) using of Kannada during meetings.

Then the Secretary read the list of members elected for the All India Congress Committee, Karnataka Provincial Congress Committee and the Bangalore District Congress Committee. The copy of the list of members is herein enclosed for kind perusal The President and the office bearers were not elected.

Sd/- Lakshmana Iyer,
Sergeant, I.D. 8-10-28.

:oOo:

No. Office of the Superintendent of Police
Bangalore City & Taluk.
Dated, Bangalore, the 9th October 1928

Copy of the above is submitted to the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District for favour of information.

Recd 9.10.28

Superintendent of Police,
Bangalore City & Taluk.

List of elected members.

All India Congress Committee.	No. of votes.
1. Mr.M.P.Somasekhara Rao(Advocate.)	39
2. " M.Mohamed Haniff. (-do-)	33

Karnatic Provincial Congress Committee.	
1. Mr.M.P.Somasekhara Rao.	40
2. " Mirle Lakshminaranappa.	34
3. " Mohamed Haniff.	33
4. " K.T.Bhasyam.	30
5. V.S.Sanjeeva Rao	29

Bangalore District Congress Committee.	
1. Mr.Ramlal Thivari	49
2. " Mohamed Haniff	48
3. " P.Shama Rao.	47
4. " B.L.Byanna.	46
5. " M.P.Somasekhara Rao.	45
6. " L.S.Raju.	44
7. " Mirle Lakshminaranappa.	43
8. " D.Shama Rao.	43
9. " K.Shamanna.	42
10. " K.H.Veeranna Gowda.(Editor Vokkaligar Patrike.)	42
11. " Gundu Rao Khadri	40
12 " K.T.Ramaswamy.	39
13 " P.Lakshmipathi Naidu	37
14. " S.Ranga Rao.	37
15. " N.V.Narayana Murthy.	37
16. " Bhasyam.K.T.	37
17. " M.Seetharama Sastry.(Editor Veerakesari)	35
18. " S.Setwaji Rao	35
19. " V.S.Narayana Rao (son of Mr.V.S.Sanjeeva Rao)	34
20. " Puttathimmiah.	

:oOo:

Superintendent of Police,
Bangalore City & Taluk.

D.O. No. E.

C. E. NORONHA, ESQ., M.A.,
Secretary.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY,
BANGALORE DISTURBANCES INQUIRY COMMITTEE,

Bangalore, dated 15th October 1928.

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

My dear Sir,

I am desired to return herewith the file of papers forwarded with your D.O. No. 1771/CB. dated 3rd October 1928.

Yours sincerely,
C. E. Noronha

To

N. Madhava Rao, Esq., B.A., B.L.,
Chief Secretary to the Govt. of Mysore,
Bangalore.

CKS